### **RAYA FINANCING COMPANY**

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019
AND REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### RAYA FINANCING COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

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### Report on review of interim financial information

To the shareholders of Raya Financing Company: (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of Raya Financing Company as of 30 June 2019 and the related condensed statement of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, and the condensed statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2019, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34"), as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial information based on our review.

### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity", as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

### **Conclusion**

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** 

Omar M. Al Sagga License Number 369

31 July 2019

### RAYA FINANCING COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 30 June 2019	As at 31 December 2018
	_	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
			(Restated)
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Right-of-use assets		4,421,038	-
Property and equipment		491,427	567,185
Intangible assets		7,641,140	8,273,272
Net investment in finance leases - non-current portion	3,4	210,918,493	171,323,509
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	892,850	892,850
	_	224,364,948	181,056,816
Current assets			
Net investment in finance leases - current portion	3,4	76,246,197	47,139,108
Prepayments and other receivable	5	18,098,152	9,226,814
Cash and cash equivalents	6 _	27,803,890	8,077,298
	_	122,148,239	64,443,220
Total assets	_	346,513,187	245,500,036
Liabilities and equity			
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	7	68,938,735	35,137,647
Lease liabilities		3,763,207	-
Employee benefit obligations		2,175,618	1,818,128
	_	74,877,560	36,955,775
	_		
Current liabilities			
Current maturity of long-term borrowings	7	31,695,495	14,891,087
Accounts payable	8	168,778,636	121,145,429
Accrued and other liabilities	9	7,028,191	6,842,424
Lease liabilities	_	614,394	_
	_	208,116,716	142,878,940
	_		
Total liabilities		282,994,276	179,834,715
			<u> </u>
Equity			
Share capital		100,000,000	100,000,000
Accumulated losses	3	(36,481,089)	(34,334,679)
Total equity	_	63,518,911	65,665,321
	_		, -,
Total liabilities and equity	_	346,513,187	245,500,036

### RAYA FINANCING COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

			month period F nded 30 June	or the six-month	period ended 30 June
		2019	2018	2019	2018
	Note	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
			Restated		Restated
Income					
Finance lease revenue	3	11,693,316	6,499,469	21,113,551	11,417,097
Expenses					
Impairment of lease receivables Insurance and other cost of	4	(416,601)	603,396	(856,289)	100,780
financed vehicles Salaries and employee related		(2,978,952)	(1,626,313)	(6,362,403)	(2,890,463)
expenses		(5,402,304)	(3,243,136)	(10,102,154)	(5,961,059)
Rent		•	(357,961)	-	(726,736)
Depreciation and amortization		(576,574)	(243,928)	(1,122,462)	(489,027)
Finance cost		(2,441,333)	(736,532)	(3,519,679)	(1,188,213)
Other expenses		(1,059,969)	(449,252)	(2,118,853)	(1,769,821)
(Loss) income before zakat		(1,182,417)	445,743	(2,968,289)	(1,507,442)
Zakat		(30,801)	-	821,879	_
(Loss) income for the period		(1,213,218)	445,743	(2,146,410)	(1,507,442)
Other comprehensive income	-	-			
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period	_	(1,213,218)	445,743	(2,146,410)	(1,507,442)

### RAYA FINANCING COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

		Share	Accumulated	
	Note	capital	losses	Total
Balance at 31 December 2018 - audited, as previously reported		100,000,000	(38,502,357)	61,497,643
Restatement	3		4,167,678	4,167,678
Balance at 31 December 2018 - as restated		100,000,000	(34,334,679)	65,665,321
Loss for the period Other comprehensive income		-	(2,146,410)	(2,146,410)
Total comprehensive loss for the period		-	(2,146,410)	(2,146,410)
Balance at 30 June 2019 - unaudited		100,000,000	(36,481,089)	63,518,911
Balance at 1 January 2018 - audited, as previously reported		100,000,000	(32,768,079)	67,231,921
Restatement	3		1,781,278	1,781,278
Balance at 1 January 2018 - as restated		100,000,000	(30,986,801)	69,013,199
Loss for the period, as restated Other comprehensive income	3	-	(1,507,442)	(1,507,442)
Total comprehensive loss for the period, as restated	3		(1,507,442)	(1,507,442)
Balance at 30 June 2018 - unaudited, as restated	•	100,000,000	(32,494,243)	67,505,757

### RAYA FINANCING COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(All amounts in Saudi Riyals unless otherwise stated)

		nth period ended 30 June,	
	Note	2019	2018
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
			Restated
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before zakat for the period	3	(2,968,289)	(1,507,442)
Adjustments for			
Provision for impairment of lease receivables	4	856,289	(100,780)
Depreciation		490,330	116,800
Amortization		632,132	372,227
Finance costs		3,519,679	1,188,213
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(80,299)	-
Employee benefit obligations		357,490	283,567
Changes in working capital			
Net investment in finance leases	3	(69,558,362)	(28,328,128)
Prepayments and other receivable		(8,049,459)	(4,284,153)
Accounts payable		46,506,873	(29,183,610)
Accrued and other liabilities		185,767	1,612,139
Net cash used in operating activities		(28,107,849)	(59,831,167)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		57,486	-
Payments for purchase of property and equipment		(39,710)	(21,422)
Payments for purchase of intangible assets		•	(102,600)
Net cash generated from (used in) investing activities		17,776	(124,022)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Zakat paid	11	-	(1,551,018)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	7	60,000,000	60,000,000
Repayment of long-term borrowings		(9,836,280)	(3,467,567)
Interest paid on long-term borrowings		(1,827,448)	(677,521)
Finance lease liabilities paid		(519,607)	-
Net cash generated from financing activities	_	47,816,665	54,303,894
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		19,726,592	(5,651,295)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_	8,077,298	22,267,032
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		27,803,890	16,615,737

### 1 General information

Raya Financing Company (the "Company") is a Saudi closed joint stock company, registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia under the Commercial Registration ("CR") number 2050104609 issued in Dammam on 8 Rabi II 1436H (28 January 2015) and operating under the Saudi Arabian Monetary Authority (SAMA) approval number 351000153064 dated 25 Dhul Hijjah 1435H (19 October 2014). The Company has obtained the license from SAMA to conduct finance leasing activities on 14 Jumada II 1437H (23 March 2016). The registered address of the Company is P.O. Box 336, Dammam 31411, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

The share capital of the Company is Saudi Riyals 100 million divided into 10 million shares of Saudi Riyals 10 each as of 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018. The shareholders of the Company and their respective shareholding as at 30 June 2019 and 31 December 2018 are as follows:

Shareholder's name	Amount	Number of shares	Ownership percentage
Al Majdouie Motors Company Limited	20,000,000	2,000,000	20%
Al Majdouie Food Company Limited	20,000,000	2,000,000	20%
Majd Real Estate Development Company Limited	20,000,000	2,000,000	20%
Al Majdouie Logistics Company Limited	20,000,000	2,000,000	20%
Al Majdouie Education and Training Company Limited	20,000,000	2,000,000	20%
Total	100,000,000	10,000,000	100%

The Company is ultimately owned by Al Majdouie Holding Company Limited, which is a Saudi limited liability company registered in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

At 30 June 2019, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Saudi Riyals 86.0 (2018: Saudi Riyals 78.4 million) which is primarily due to a balance payable to a shareholder. The Company's ultimate shareholder has provided a letter of support to provide sufficient and adequate financial support to the Company to enable the Company to repay its liabilities as they become due.

### 2 Basis of preparation

2.1 The condensed interim financial information of the Company as at 30 June 2019 and for the three-month and six month periods ended 30 June 2019 has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"), as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organisation for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA").

The financial statements of the Company as at and for the period and year ended 31 March 2019 and 31 December 2018, respectively, were prepared in compliance with the IAS 34 and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") respectively, as modified by SAMA for the accounting of zakat and income tax (relating to the application of IAS 12 – "Income Taxes" and IFRIC 21 – "Levies" so far as these relate to zakat and income tax).

On 18 July 2019, SAMA instructed the finance companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to account for the zakat and income taxes in the statement of income. This aligns with the IFRS and its interpretations as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and with the other standards and pronouncements that are issued by SOCPA (collectively referred to as "IFRS as endorsed in KSA").

Accordingly, the Company changed its accounting treatment for zakat by retrospectively adjusting the impact in line with International Accounting Standard 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (as disclosed in note 2.5.2).

- 2.2 The condensed interim financial information do not include all information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.
- 2.3 The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of condensed interim financial information of the Company are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period, except for the changes in accounting policies as set out in Note 2.5.

### 2.4 New and amended standards adopted by the Company

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period, and the Company had to change its accounting policies as a result of adopting IFRS 16 Leases effective 1 January 2019.

The impact of the adoption of the leasing standard and the new accounting policies are disclosed in Note 2.5.1 below. The other standards did not have any impact on the Company's accounting policies and did not require retrospective adjustments.

### 2.5 Changes in accounting policies

### 2.5.1 Leases

This note explains the impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the Company's financial statements and discloses the new accounting policies that have been applied from 1 January 2019.

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 retrospectively using the modified approach from 1 January 2019, and therefore has not restated comparative information, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard. The lease liabilities and right-of-use assets arising from the new leasing rules are therefore recognized in the opening statement of financial position on 1 January 2019.

On adoption of IFRS 16, the Company recognized lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of IAS 17 Leases. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate as of 1 January 2019. The Company's weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 January 2019 was 5.83%.

Reconciliation of operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 December 2018 and lease liability recognized as at 1 January 2019:

	Saudi Riyals
Operating lease commitments disclosed as at 31 December 2018	852,500
Add: adjustments as a result of a different treatment of extension options  Discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate of at the date of initial	5,129,066
application	(1,208,158)
Lease liability recognized as at 1 January 2019	4,773,408
Of which are:	
Current lease liabilities	597,238
Non-current lease liabilities	4,176,170
	4,773,408

The recognized right-of-use assets relate to properties. The associated right-of-use assets for property leases were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognized in the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018. There were no onerous lease contracts that would have required an adjustment to the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application.

The change in accounting policy affected the following items in the statement of financial position on 1 January 2019:

- right-of-use assets increase by Saudi Riyals 4.8 million
- lease liabilities increase by Saudi Riyals 4.8 million

### Practical expedients applied

In applying IFRS 16 for the first time, the Company has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- the use of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- reliance on previous assessments on whether leases are onerous
- the accounting for operating leases with a remaining lease term of less than 12 months as at 1 January 2019 as short-term leases
- the exclusion of initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application, and

The Company has also elected not to reassess whether a contract is, or contains a lease at the date of initial application. Instead, for contracts entered into before the transition date the Company relied on its assessment made applying IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease.

### The Company's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Company has leases in respect of offices and equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 3 years but may have extension options as described below.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants. Until the 2018 financial year, leases of property and equipment were classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases were charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

From 1 January 2019, leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the fixed lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise office equipment.

### Extension options

Extension options are included in a number of property and equipment leases across the Company. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension options held are exercisable only by mutual agreement of the Company and the respective lessor.

Critical judgements in determining the lease term

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option. Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended. The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee.

### 2.5.2 Zakat and taxes

As mentioned above under Note 2.1, the basis of preparation has been changed for the period ended 30 June 2019, based on latest instructions from SAMA dated 18 July 2019. Previously, zakat was charged in the statement of changes in equity as per the SAMA circular no 381000074519 dated 11 April 2017. As per SAMA instructions dated 18 July 2019, the zakat shall be charged in the interim statement of income. As there was no zakat charge during 2018 for the Company, this change in accounting policy does not have any effect on the statement of financial position as of 31 December 2018, the condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for three-month and six-month periods ended 30 June 2018, and the statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018.

In accordance with the regulations of the General Authority of Zakat and Tax ("GAZT"), the Company is subject to zakat. Zakat expense is charged to the profit or loss. Zakat is not accounted for as income tax and as such no deferred tax is calculated relating to zakat. Additional amounts payable, if any, at the finalization of final assessments are accounted for when such amounts are determined.

### 3 Restatement

The Company's accounting policy, under the requirements of IFRS, requires the Company to recognise the insurance income under the lease contracts, forming part of the minimum lease payments, over the lease term using the effective interest rate method. However, such insurance income was not being accurately calculated until 31 March 2019 in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Accordingly, management has decided to restate the comparative amounts to record the correct amounts based on the detailed calculations in the accompanying condensed interim financial information as follows:

### Condensed interim statement of financial position as of 31 December 2018:

	As previously stated	Effect of restatement	As restated
Net investment in finance leases - non-current portion	166,135,018	5,188,491	171,323,509
Net investment in finance leases - current portion	48,159,921	(1,020,813)	47,139,108
Accumulated losses	(38,502,357)	4,167,678	(34,334,679)

### Condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the three-month period ended 30 June 2018:

	As previously stated	Effect of restatement	As restated
Finance lease revenue	5,952,322	547,147	6,499,469
(Loss) income before zakat	(101,404)	547,147	445,743
(Loss) income for the period	(101,404)	547,147	445,743
Total comprehensive (loss) income for the period	(101,404)	547,147	445,743

### Condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018:

	As previously stated	Effect of restatement	As restated
Finance lease revenue	10,284,441	1,132,656	11,417,097
Loss before zakat	(2,640,098)	1,132,656	(1,507,442)
Loss for the period	(2,640,098)	1,132,656	(1,507,442)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(2,640,098)	1,132,656	(1,507,442)

### Condensed interim statement of changes in equity:

	As previously stated	Effect of restatement	As restated
As of 1 January 2018:			
Accumulated losses	(32,768,079)	1,781,278	(30,986,801)
For the six-month period ended 30 June 2018:			
Loss for the period	(2,640,098)	1,132,656	(1,507,442)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(2,640,098)	1,132,656	(1,507,442)
As of 30 June 2018:			
Accumulated losses	(35,408,177)	2,913,934	(32,494,243)
As of 31 December 2018:			
Accumulated losses	(38,502,357)	4,167,678	(34,334,679)
Condensed interim statement of cash flows for the	six-month period end	led 30 June 2018:	
	As previously stated	Effect of restatement	As restated
Loss before zakat for the period	(2,640,098)	1,132,656	(1,507,442)
Net investment in finance leases	(27,195,472)	(1,132,656)	(28,328,128)
Net investment in finance leases			

### 4 Net investment in finance leases

### **4.1** Reconciliation between gross and net investment in finance leases is as follows:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
		Restated
Gross investment in finance leases	387,796,924	305,518,198
Unearned finance income	(95,592,123)	(82,871,759)
Present value of minimum lease payments receivable	292,204,801	222,646,439
Provision for impairment of lease receivables	(5,040,111)	(4,183,822)
Net investment in finance leases	287,164,690	218,462,617
Net investment in finance leases - non-current portion	(210,918,493)	(171,323,509)
Net investment in finance leases - current portion	76,246,197	47,139,108

### **4.2** The movement in provision for impairment of lease receivables is as follows:

			30 June 2019	31 December 2018
		_	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Opening balance		4,183,822	2,946,143
	Charge for the period / year	_	856,289	1,237,679
	Closing balance	_	5,040,111	4,183,822
5	Prepayments and other receivable			
		Note	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
			(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Prepayments		7,340,623	3,682,415
	Margin against letter of guarantee		3,000,000	3,000,000
	Insurance claims		1,793,064	1,420,569
	Repossessed assets held for resale		2,097,348	651,154
	Zakat refundable	11	821,879	-
	Other	_	3,045,238	472,676
		_	18,098,152	9,226,814
6	Cash and cash equivalents			
			30 June 2019	31 December 2018
			(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Cash in hand		26,909	5,000
	Cash at bank		27,776,981	8,072,298
		_	27,803,890	8,077,298
7	Long-term borrowings			
			30 June 2019	31 December 2018
			(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Murabaha facilities		79,737,713	49,574,313
	Government bank loan		20,000,000	-
			000 547	454 404
	Accrued finance cost		896,517	454,421
	Accrued finance cost	_	100,634,230	50,028,734
	Accrued finance cost  Long-term borrowings are presented as follows:	_		
		_		
	Long-term borrowings are presented as follows:	_	100,634,230	50,028,734

### 7.1 Murabaha facilities

During 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with a local commercial bank to provide Murabaha financing facility of Saudi Riyals 100 million to meet the working capital requirements of the Company. The Company had drawn Saudi Riyals 60 million during the year ended 31 December 2018 and remaining balance of Saudi Riyals 40.0 million was utilized during the three-month period ended 30 June 2019. The loan is secured against corporate guarantee from certain related parties, collateral on receivables against certain leased vehicles covering at least 125% of the outstanding borrowing and 70% of loan instalments due within a year through minimum lease payments due on such receivables in the same period. The loan bears financial charges based on prevailing market rates which are based on Saudi Inter Bank Offer Rates. The carrying value of such long-term borrowings is denominated in Saudi Riyals. The repayment of such loans as per the respective repayment schedule is up to 2023.

### 7.2 Government bank loan

During 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with a government bank to provide financing facility of Saudi Riyals 20.0 million to meet the working capital requirements of the Company, which was fully utilised during six-month period ended 30 June 2019. Administrative fee is charged by government bank under the loan agreement.

The covenants of the borrowing facility restricts the Company to utilise the loan amount for the purpose specified in the loan agreement. The carrying value of such long-term borrowings is denominated in Saudi Riyals. The repayment of such loan as per the repayment schedule is up to 2022.

The undiscounted contractual maturities of long term loans are as follows:

	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Less than 6 months	17,221,070	8,290,175
6 - 12 months	17,983,509	8,290,175
Between 1 and 2 years	34,833,533	16,580,349
Between 2 and 5 years	38,354,632	20,725,437
	108,392,744	53,886,136
8 Accounts payable		
	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trade	37,355,494	20,331,736
Related parties	131,423,142	100,813,693
	168,778,636	121,145,429
9 Accrued and other liabilities		
	30 June 2019	31 December 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Accrued liabilities	4,412,670	1,760,370
Advance from customers	2,418,823	4,061,785
VAT payable	196,698	1,020,269
	7,028,191	6,842,424

### 10 Related party transactions and balances

10.1 Significant transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business during the period were as follows:

Nature of transaction	Relationship	For the three-month period ended 30 June		For the six-month period ended 30 June	
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Support service costs charged to	Parent				
the Company	Company	•	130,135	-	234,848
Purchases	Shareholders	21,611,510	15,114,185	43,059,222	24,229,280
Finance cost Commission income on lease of	Shareholders	1,126,334	-	1,126,334	-
motor vehicles	Shareholders	851,582	-	928,002	
Rent charged to the Company	Shareholder	111,303	84,429	222,607	185,570
Key management personnel					
Key management compensation		702,201	650,425	1,386,377	905,425
Employee benefit obligations		48,103	37,175	91,855	107,587
40.0. Assessment messable in closes the following measure to the solution of the					

10.2 Accounts payable include the following amounts due to related parties:

	30 June Note, 2019		31 December 2018	
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
Al Majdouie Motors Company Limited ("Motors") - shareholder Al Majdouie Holding Company Limited - ultimate parent	10.3	130,713,517	94,348,042	
company		338,398	644,750	
Al Majdouie Trading Establishment		246,794	391,272	
Arjaa Travel and Tourism Company		11,725	114,508	
Majd Real Estate Development Company Limited - shareholder		80,601	29,067	
Al Majdouie Logistics Company Limited - shareholder Ali Ibrahim Saleh Al Majdouie Charity for Community		16,431	-	
Services		15,676	-	
Al Majdouie Manufacturing Company		•	5,284,200	
Al Majdouie Food Company Limited - shareholder			1,854	
	_	131,423,142	100,813,693	

10.3 During the three-month period ended 30 June 2019, the Company and Motors entered into an arrangement w.e.f. 1 January 2019, whereby the balance payable to Motors outstanding for more than 30 days from the date of the respective underlying invoice, shall bear financial charges at prevailing market rates.

### 11 Zakat matters

	30 June , 2019	31 December 2018	
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
Opening balance	-	1,551,018	
Provision for the period / year	176,399	-	
Reversal for prior years	(998,278)	-	
Paid during the period / year		(1,551,018)	
Closing balance	(821,879)		

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2019, the Company has received a settlement notice from the GAZT relating to the treatment of non-current portion of net investment in its finance lease for the purposes of determination of zakat base. The notice prescribes the method to calculate the Company's zakat liability for the year ended 31 December 2018 and states that applying the same principles, the Company is entitled to a credit of Saudi Riyals 1.18 million for the years from 2016, when the Company was provided a license from SAMA to be involved in the finance lease activities, and 2017, whereas there would be a charge of Saudi Riyals 0.18 million for the year ended 31 December 2018. Management has agreed to the settlement notice and has accordingly recorded a net zakat refundable of Saudi Riyals 1.0 million.

### 12 Comparative figures

For better presentation, following reclassifications have been made in the statement of comprehensive income to conform to 2019 presentation.

### For the three-month period ended 30 June 2018

	Amount previously		Amount after	
	reported	Reclassification	reclassification	
Insurance and other cost of financed vehicles	(1,373,721)	(252,592)	(1,626,313)	
Selling and marketing	(1,213,225)	1,213,225	-	
General and administrative	(3,557,522)	3,557,522	-	
Other expenses	223,878	(673,130)	(449,252)	
Salaries and employee related expenses	-	(3,243,136)	(3,243,136)	
Rent	-	(357,961)	(357,961)	
Depreciation and amortization		(243,928)	(243,928)	
	(5,920,590)	-	(5,920,590)	

### For the six-month period ended 30 June 2018

	Amount previously reported	Reclassification	Amount after reclassification
Insurance and other cost of financed vehicles	(2,540,387)	(350,076)	(2,890,463)
Selling and marketing	(2,084,610)	2,084,610	-
General and administrative	(7,045,400)	7,045,400	-
Other expenses	(166,709)	(1,603,112)	(1,769,821)
Salaries and employee related expenses	-	(5,961,059)	(5,961,059)
Rent	-	(726,736)	(726,736)
Depreciation and amortization		(489,027)	(489,027)
	(11,837,106)	<u>-</u>	(11,837,106)

### 13 Date of authorization of issue

The accompanying condensed interim financial information was authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 31 July 2019.